



Approval body for construction products and types of construction

#### **Bautechnisches Prüfamt**

An institution established by the Federal and Laender Governments



## European Technical Assessment

## ETA-12/0170 of 16 April 2018

English translation prepared by DIBt - Original version in German language

#### **General Part**

Technical Assessment Body issuing the European Technical Assessment:

Trade name of the construction product

Product family to which the construction product belongs

Manufacturer

Manufacturing plant

This European Technical Assessment contains

This European Technical Assessment is issued in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, on the basis of

Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

SYMPAFIX Injection system C100-PLUS for rebar connection

Injection system for post-installed rebar connections

Sympafix BV Fluorietweg 25E 1812RR ALKMAAR NIEDERLANDE

SYMPAFIX, Plant 2

21 pages including 3 annexes which form an integral part of this assessment

EAD 330087-00-0601



#### European Technical Assessment ETA-12/0170 English translation prepared by DIBt

Page 2 of 21 | 16 April 2018

The European Technical Assessment is issued by the Technical Assessment Body in its official language. Translations of this European Technical Assessment in other languages shall fully correspond to the original issued document and shall be identified as such.

Communication of this European Technical Assessment, including transmission by electronic means, shall be in full. However, partial reproduction may only be made with the written consent of the issuing Technical Assessment Body. Any partial reproduction shall be identified as such.

This European Technical Assessment may be withdrawn by the issuing Technical Assessment Body, in particular pursuant to information by the Commission in accordance with Article 25(3) of Regulation (EU) No 305/2011.



Page 3 of 21 | 16 April 2018

European Technical Assessment ETA-12/0170 English translation prepared by DIBt

#### Specific Part

#### 1 Technical description of the product

The subject of this European Technical Assessment is the post-installed connection, by anchoring or overlap connection joint, of reinforcing bars (rebars) in existing structures made of normal weight concrete, using the "SYMPAFIX Injection system C100-PLUS for rebar connection" in accordance with the regulations for reinforced concrete construction.

Reinforcing bars made of steel with a diameter  $\phi$  from 8 to 32 mm or the tension anchor ZA from sizes M12 to M24 according to Annex A and injection mortar C100-PLUS are used for rebar connections. The rebar is placed into a drilled hole filled with injection mortar and is anchored via the bond between rebar, injection mortar and concrete.

The product description is given in Annex A.

# 2 Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable European assessment Document

The performances given in Section 3 are only valid if the anchor is used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex B.

The verifications and assessment methods on which this European Technical Assessment is based lead to the assumption of a working life of the rebar connection of at least 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

#### 3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

#### 3.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)

Essential characteristic	Performance		
Amplification factor $\alpha_{\text{lb}},$ Bond resistance $f_{\text{bd}}$	See Annex C 1		

#### 3.2 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Reaction to fire	Rebar connections satisfy requirements for Class A1
Resistance to fire	See Annex C 2 and C 3

# 4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base

In accordance with European Assessment Document EAD No. 330087-00-0601, the applicable European legal act is: [96/582/EC].

The system(s) to be applied is (are): 1



#### European Technical Assessment ETA-12/0170 English translation prepared by DIBt

#### Page 4 of 21 | 16 April 2018

5 Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided for in the applicable European Assessment Document

Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system are laid down in the control plan deposited with Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.

Issued in Berlin on 16 April 2018 by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

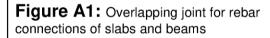
BD Dipl.-Ing. Andreas Kummerow Head of Department *beglaubigt:* Baderschneider

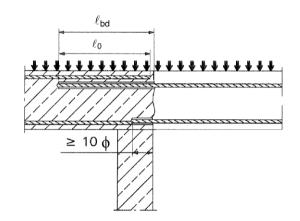
# Page 5 of European Technical Assessment ETA-12/0170 of 16 April 2018

English translation prepared by DIBt

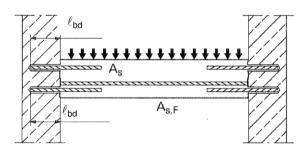


#### Installation post installed rebar

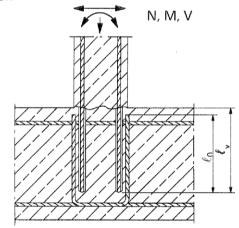




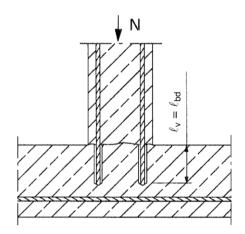
**Figure A3:** End anchoring of slabs or beams (e.g. designed as simply supported)

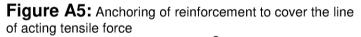


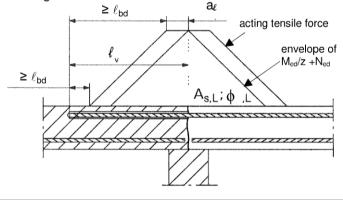
**Figure A2:** Overlapping joint at a foundation of a wall or column where the rebars are stressed in tension



**Figure A4:** Rebar connection for components stressed primarily in compression. The rebars sre stressed in compression







#### Note to Figure A1 to A5:

In the Figures no transverse reinforcement is plotted, the transverse reinforcement shall comply with EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010.

Preparing of joints according to Annex B 2

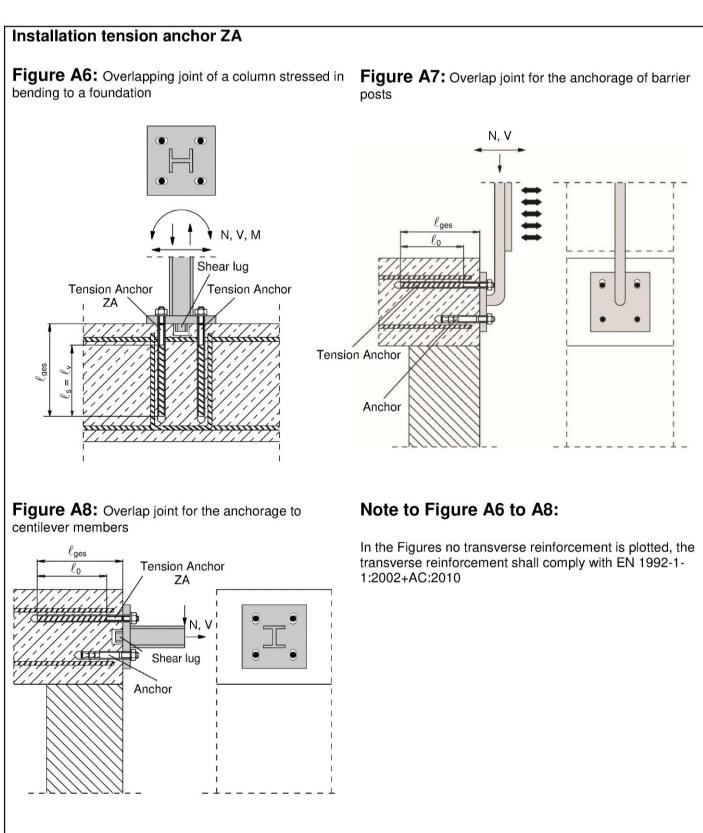
SYMPAFIX Injection system C100-PLUS for rebar connection

#### Product description Installed condition and examples of use for rebars

# Page 6 of European Technical Assessment ETA-12/0170 of 16 April 2018

English translation prepared by DIBt





#### SYMPAFIX Injection system C100-PLUS for rebar connection

#### **Product description** Installed condition and examples of use for tension anchors ZA

#### Page 7 of European Technical Assessment ETA-12/0170 of 16 April 2018

English translation prepared by DIBt



SYMPAFIX Injection system C100	)-PLUS:					
Injection mortar: C100-PLUS Typ "coaxial": 150 ml, 280 ml, 300 ml up to 333 ml and 380 ml up to 420 ml cartridge		print: C100-PLUS, processing notes, charge- de, shelf life, storage temperature, hazard- de, curing- and processing time (depending the temperature), optional with travel scale				
<b>Type "side-by-side":</b> 235 ml, 345 ml and 825 ml cartridge		print: C100-PLUS, processing notes, charge- de, shelf life, storage temperature, hazard- de, curing- and processing time (depending the temperature), optional with travel scale				
Static Mixer						
CRW 14W						
TAH 18W						
Piston plug VS and mixer extension						
Reinforcing bar (rebar): ø8 to ø32						
Tension Anchor ZA: M12 to N	124					
OOBZOOOOOOOO						
SYMPAFIX Injection system C100-PLUS for rebar connection						
<b>Product description</b> Injection mortar / Static mixer / Rebar /	Tension Anchor ZA	Annex A 3				

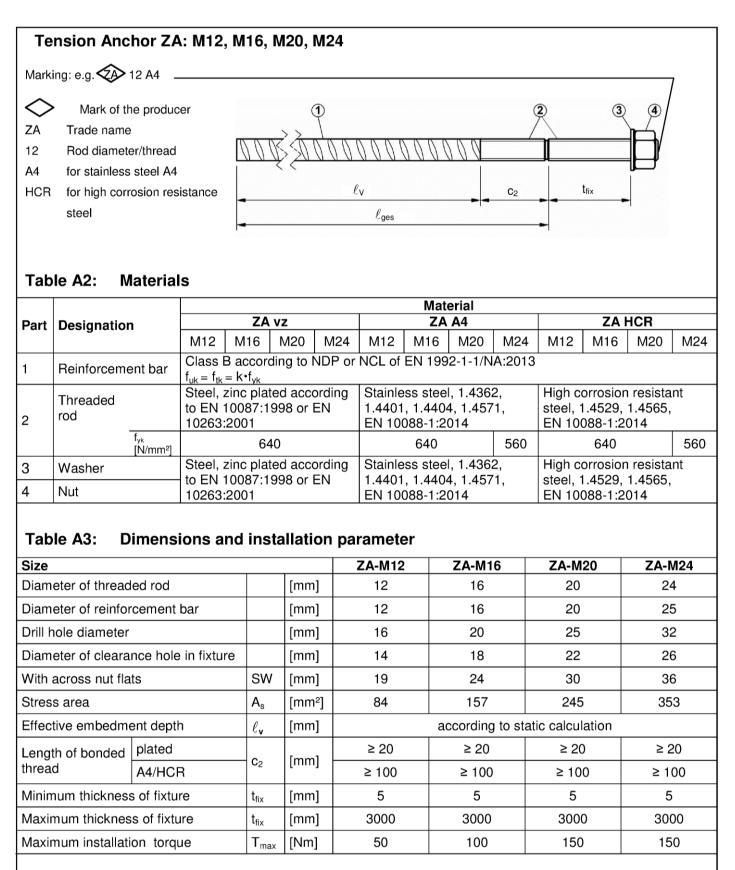


Reinforcing bar (rebar): ø8. ø10. ø12.	a14, a16, a20, a22, a24, a25, a28, a32						
Reinforcing bar (rebar): ø8, ø10, ø12, ø14, ø16, ø20, ø22, ø24, ø25, ø28, ø32							
<ul> <li>Minimum value of related rip area f<sub>R,min</sub> according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010</li> <li>Rib height of the bar shall be in the range 0,05φ ≤ h ≤ 0,07φ (φ: Nominal diameter of the bar; h: Rip height of the bar)</li> </ul>							
Table A1: Materials							
Designation	Material						
ebar EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Annex C	Bars and de-coiled rods class B or C $f_{yk}$ and k according to NDP or NCL of EN 1992-1-1/NA:2013 $f_{uk}$ = $f_{tk}$ = $k \cdot f_{yk}$						

#### SYMPAFIX Injection system C100-PLUS for rebar connection

Product description Specifications Rebar





#### SYMPAFIX Injection system C100-PLUS for rebar connection

**Product description** Specifications Tension Anchor ZA



### Specifications of intended use

#### Anchorages subject to:

- Static and quasi-static loads.
- Fire exposure

#### Base materials:

- Reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete according to EN 206-1:2000.
- Strength classes C12/15 to C50/60 according to EN 206-1:2000.
- Maximum chloride concrete of 0,40% (CL 0.40) related to the cement content according to EN 206-1:2000.
- Non-carbonated concrete.

Note: In case of a carbonated surface of the existing concrete structure the carbonated layer shall be removed in the area of the post-installed rebar connection with a diameter of  $\phi$  + 60 mm prior to the installation of the new rebar.

The depth of concrete to be removed shall correspond to at least the minimum concrete cover in accordance with EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010.

The foregoing may be neglected if building components are new and not carbonated and if building components are in dry conditions.

#### **Temperature Range:**

• - 40°C to +80°C (max. short term temperature +80°C and max long term temperature +50°C).

#### Use conditions (Environmental conditions):

• Structures subject to dry internal conditions or subject to external atmospheric exposure (including industrial and marine environment) and to permanently damp internal condition, if no particular aggressive conditions exist

(stainless steel or high corrosion resistant steel).

• Structures subject to external atmospheric exposure and to permanently damp internal condition, if other particular aggressive conditions exist (high corrosion resistant steel).

Note: Particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with extreme chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).

#### Design:

- Anchorages are designed under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work.
- · Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the forces to be transmitted.
- Design according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 and Annex B 2 and B 3.
- The actual position of the reinforcement in the existing structure shall be determined on the basis of the construction documentation and taken into account when designing.

#### Installation:

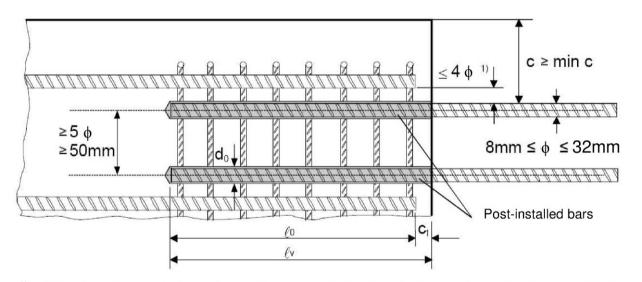
- Dry or wet concrete.
- · It must not be installed in flooded holes.
- Hole drilling by hammer drill (HD), hollow drill (HDB) or compressed air drill mode (CD).
- The installation of post-installed rebar resp. tension anchors shall be done only by suitable trained installer and under supervision on site; the conditions under which an installer may be considered as suitable trained and the conditions for supervision on site are up to the Member States in which the installation is done.
- Check the position of the existing rebars (if the position of existing rebars is not known, it shall be determined using a rebar detector suitable for this purpose as well as on the basis of the construction documentation and then marked on the building component for the overlap joint).

SYMPAFIX Injection system C100-PLUS for rebar connection	
Intended use Specifications	Annex B 1



#### Figure B1: General construction rules for post-installed rebars

- · Only tension forces in the axis of the rebar may be transmitted
- The transfer of shear forces between new concrete and existing structure shall be designed additionally according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010.
- The joints for concreting must be roughened to at least such an extent that aggregate protrude.



<sup>1)</sup> If the clear distance between lapped bars exceeds 4\u00f5, then the lap length shall be increased by the difference between the clear bar distance and 4\u00f5.

The following applies to Figure B1:

- c concrete cover of post-installed rebar
- c<sub>1</sub> concrete cover at end-face of existing rebar
- min c minimum concrete cover according to Table B1 and to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Section 4.4.1.2
   φ diameter of post-installed rebar
- $\ell_0$  lap length, according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Section 8.7.3
- $\ell_v$  effective embedment depth,  $\geq \ell_0 + c_1$
- d<sub>0</sub> nominal drill bit diameter, see Annex B 6

SYMPAFIX Injection system	n C100-PLUS fo	or rebar connection
---------------------------	----------------	---------------------

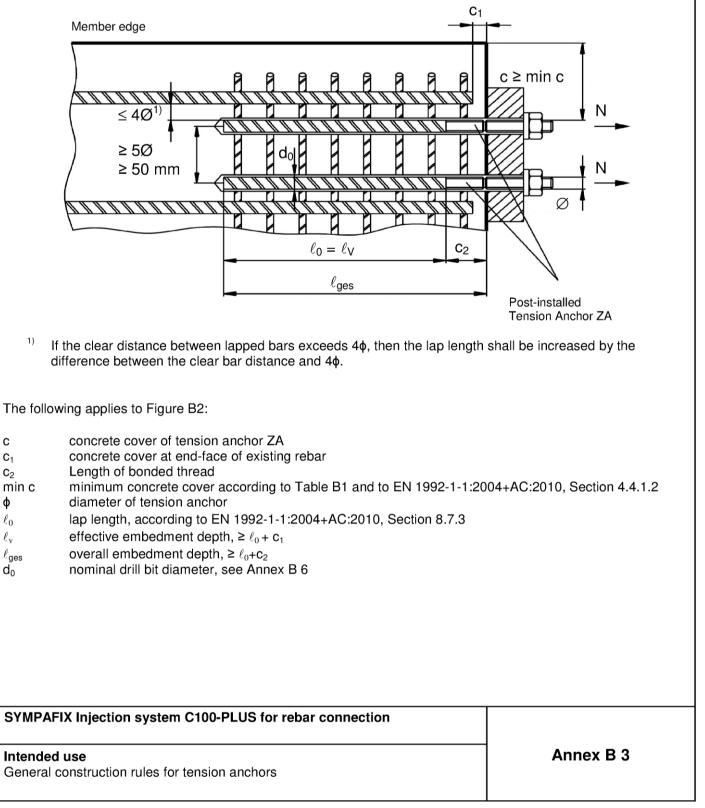
Intended use General construction rules for post-installed rebars Annex B 2

Z24438.18



#### Figure B2: General construction rules for tension anchors ZA

- The length of the bonded-in thread may be not be accounted as anchorage
- Only tension forces in the direction of the bar axis may be transmitted by the tension anchor ZA
- The tension force must be transferred via an overlap joint to the reinforcement in the building part.
- The transfer of shear forces shall be ensured by appropriate additional measures, e.g shear lugs or by anchors with an European technical assessment.
- In the anchor plate, the holes for the tension anchors shall be executed as elongated holes with axis in the direction of the shear force.



1)



Table B1: Minimum concre post-installed re drilling method	Drilling aid		
Drilling method	Rebar diameter	Without drilling aid	With drilling aid
Hommor drilling (HD)	< 25 mm	$30 \text{ mm} + 0,06 \cdot \ell_{v} \geq 2 \phi$	$30 \text{ mm} + 0.02 \cdot \ell_v \ge 2 \phi$
Hammer drilling (HD)	≥ 25 mm	40 mm + 0,06 · $\ell_{v} \ge 2 \phi$	$40 \text{ mm} + 0.02 \cdot \ell_{v} \geq 2 \phi$
Compressed air drilling (CD)	< 25 mm	50 mm + 0,08 · ℓ <sub>v</sub>	50 mm + 0,02 · ℓ <sub>v</sub>
Compressed air drining (CD)	≥ 25 mm	60 mm + 0,08 · ℓ <sub>v</sub>	60 mm + 0,02 · <b>ℓ</b> <sub>v</sub>

see Annex B2, Figures B1 and Annex B3, Figure B2

Comments: The minimum concrete cover acc. EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 must be observed

#### Table B2: maximum embedment depth $\ell_{v,max}$

Rebar	Tension anchor	
φ	Φ	$\ell_{v,max}$ [mm]
8 mm		1000
10 mm		1000
12 mm	M12	1200
14 mm		1400
16 mm	M16	1600
20 mm	M20	2000
22 mm		2000
24 mm		2000
25 mm	M24	2000
28 mm		1000
32 mm		1000

#### Table B3: Base material temperature, gelling time and curing time

Concrete temperature			Gelling working time <sup>1)</sup>	Minimum curing time in dry concrete	Minimum curing time in wet concrete
-10°C	to	-6°C	90 min <sup>2)</sup>	24 h	48 h
- 5 °C	to	- 1 °C	90 min <sup>3)</sup>	14 h	28 h
0 °C	to	+ 4 °C	45 min <sup>3)</sup>	7 h	14 h
+ 5 °C	to	+ 9 °C	25 min <sup>3)</sup>	2 h	4 h
+ 10 °C	to	+ 19 °C	15 min <sup>3)</sup>	80 min	160 min
+ 20 °C	to	+ 24 °C	6 min <sup>3)</sup>	45 min	90 min
+ 25 °C	to	+ 29 °C	4 min <sup>3)</sup>	25 min	50 min
+ 30 °C	to	+ 40 °C	2,5 min <sup>4)</sup>	15 min	30 min

<sup>1)</sup>  $t_{gel}$ : maximum time from starting of mortar injection to completing of rebar setting. <sup>2)</sup> Cartridge temperature <u>must</u> be at minimum +15°C <sup>3)</sup> Cartridge temperature <u>must</u> be between +5°C and +25°C

<sup>4)</sup> Cartridge temperature <u>must</u> be below +20°C

#### SYMPAFIX Injection system C100-PLUS for rebar connection

#### Intended use

Minimum concrete cover Maximum embedment depth / working time and curing times Annex B 4



## Table B4: Dispensing tools Cartridge Pneumatic tool Hand tool type/size Coaxial cartridges 150, 280, 300 up to 333 ml e.g. Type H 297 or H244C e.g. Type TS 492 X Coaxial cartridges 380 up to 420 ml e.g. Type CCM 380/10 e.g. Type H 285 or H244C e.g. Type TS 485 LX Side-by-side cartridges 235, 345 ml e.g. Type CBM 330A e.g. Type H 260 e.g. Type TS 477 LX Side-by-side cartridge 825 ml e.g. Type TS 498X

All cartridges could also be extruded by a battery tool.

SYMPAFIX Injection system C100-PLUS for rebar connection	
Intended Use	Annex B 5
Dispensing tools	



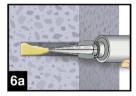
A) Bore hole d	rilling						
Drill a hole into the base material to the size and embedment depth required by the selected reinforcing bar with carbide hammer drill (HD) or a compressed air drill (CD). In case of aborted drill hole: the drill hole shall be filled with mortar.							
		Rebar - o	ZΑ- Φ	Drill - Ø [mm]			
1		8 mm	· ·	12			
A CONTRACTOR OF A CONTRACTOR O	1	10 mm		14			
		12 mm	M12	16			
		14 mm	=	18			
		16 mm	M16	20			
		20 mm	M20	25			
		22 mm	11120	28			
		24 mm		32			
		25 mm	M24	32			
Hammer drill (HD		28 mm	11124	35			
Hollow drill (HDB)		32 mm		40			
		32 11111		40			
•	leaning (HD, HDB and CD)						
MAC: Cleaning for bo	re hole diameter $d_0 \le 20$ mm and bore hole	e depth h₀ ≤ 10	d <sub>s</sub>				
2a 4x	2a. Starting from the bottom or back of the bo (Annex B 7) a minimum of four times.	ore hole, blow th	e hole clean a	a hand pump			
<ul> <li>2b. Check brush diameter (Table B5). Brush the hole with an appropriate size d<sub>b,min</sub> (Table B5) a minimum of four times in a twisting motion. If the bore hole ground is not reached with the brush, a brush extension</li> </ul>							
2c 4x	2c. Finally blow the hole clean again with a times.	hand pump (Anr	nex B 7) a mir	nimum of four			
CAC: Cleaning for all	bore hole diameter and bore hole depth						
2a 4x	2a. Starting from the bottom or back of the b compressed air (min. 6 bar) (Annex B 7) stream is free of noticeable dust. If the b extension shall be used.	a minimum of fo	our times unti	l return air			
<ul> <li>Check brush diameter (Table B5). Brush the hole with an appropriate sized wire brush &gt; d<sub>b,min</sub> (Table B5) a minimum of four times. If the bore hole ground is not reached with the brush, a brush extension shall be used (Table B5).</li> </ul>							
2c 4x Finally blow the hole clean again with compressed air (min. 6 bar) (Annex B 7) a minimum of four times until return air stream is free of noticeable dust. If the bore hole ground is not reached an extension shall be used.							
SYMPAFIX Injection	system C100-PLUS for rebar connection						
Intended Use Installation instruction: Bo Bore hole cleaning	An	nex B 6					

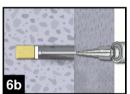


	Table B5: Cleaning tools Brush RBT:  SDS Plus Adapter:								
Brush e	Brush extension:								
φ Rebar	φ Tension anchor	d₀ Drill bit - Ø		l <sub>b</sub> h - Ø	d <sub>b,min</sub> min. Brush - Ø				
(mm)	(mm)	(mm)		(mm)					
8		12	RBT12	14	12,5	Hand	pump (volume 750 ml)		
10		14	RBT14	16	14,5				
12	M12	16	RBT16	18	16,5	4			
14		18	RBT18	20	18,5	-			
16	M16	20	RBT20	22	20,5	******			
20	M20	25	RBT25	27	25,5				
22		28	RBT28	30	28,5	-			
24 25	M24	32 32	RBT32 RBT32	34 34	32,5 32,5	-			
23	10124	32	RBT35	34	32,5	Bec c	ompressed air tool		
32		40	RBT40	41,5	40,5	-	slide valve (min 6 bar)		
C) Pr	<ul> <li>C) Prior to dispensing into the anchor hole, squeeze out separately the mortar until it</li> </ul>								
Intended I Installation	shows a consistent grey colour, but a minimum of three full strokes, and discard non-uniformly mixed adhesive components.         SYMPAFIX Injection system C100-PLUS for rebar connection         Intended Use         Installation instruction: Cleaning tools and								
Preparatio	n of bar and	cannage							



#### D) Filling the bore hole





6. Starting from the bottom or back of the cleaned anchor hole fill the hole up to approximately two-thirds with adhesive. Slowly withdraw the static mixing nozzle as the hole fills to avoid creating air pockets. For embedment larger than 190 mm an extension nozzle shall be used.

For overhead and horizontal installation and bore holes deeper than 240 mm a piston plug and the appropriate mixer extension must be used.

Observe the gel-/ working times given in Table B3.

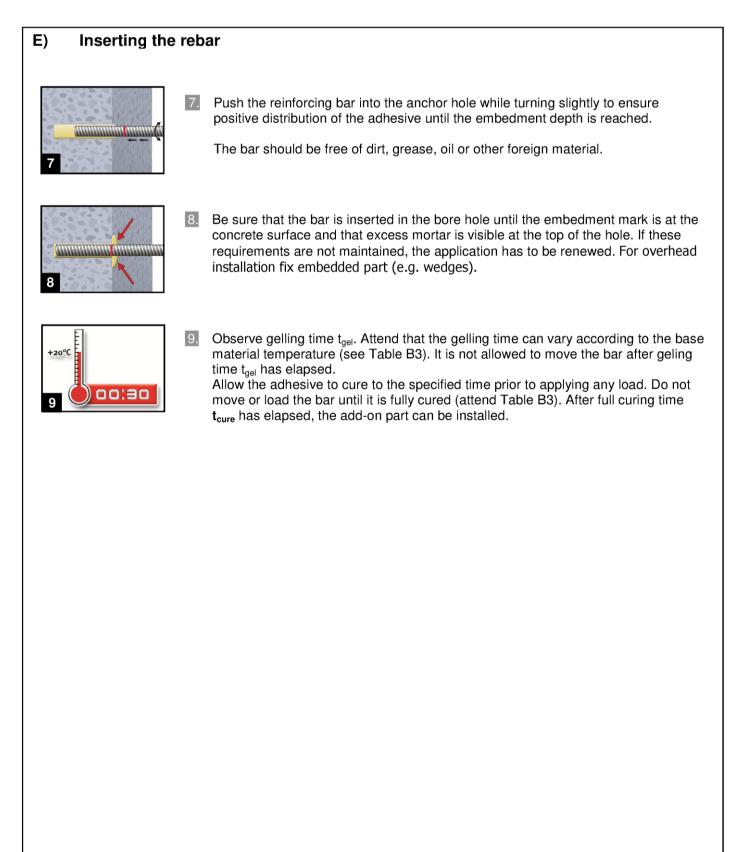
#### Table B6: Piston plugs, max anchorage depth and mixer extension

	Tension anchor	anchor bit - Ø Pi				Cartr All s			Cartridge: side-by-side (825 ml)		
Bar size				Piston plug	Hand or battery tool Pneumatic			atic tool	c tool Pneumatic tool		
φ	ф	HD, HDB	CD	prog	I <sub>v,max</sub> Mixer extension		$I_{v,max}$	Mixer extension	I <sub>v,max</sub>	Mixer extension	
[mm]	[mm]	[mm]			[cm]		[cm]		[cm]		
8		12	-	-			80		80	VL 10/0,75	
10		14	VS14	VS14					100		
12	M12	1	6	VS16	70		100		120		
14		1	8	VS18			100		140		
16	M16	2	20	VS20					160		
20	M20	25	VS25	VS25		VL 10/0,75	70	VL 10/0,75		VL 16/1,8	
22		2	28	VS28			70		200		
24		3	32	VS32	50				200		
25	M24	3	32	VS32	50		50				
28		3	35	VS35					200		
32		4	-0	VS40					200		
level mark lewel mark											
					$\ell_{ m v}, \ell_{ m e}$	,ges					
Injection tool must be marked by mortar level mark $\ell_m$ and anchorage depth $\ell_v$ resp. $\ell_{e, des}$ with tape or marker.											
Quic	k estimati	on: ℓ	, = 1/3	B·ly							
			•	•	vel mark $\ell_m$ b	ecomes visib	le.				
Continue injection until the mortar level mark $\ell_m$ becomes visible. Optimum mortar volume: $\ell_m = \ell_v \text{ resp. } \ell_{e,ges} \cdot \left(1,2 \cdot \frac{\phi^2}{d_0^2} - 0,2\right)$ [mm]											
SYMPA	SYMPAFIX Injection system C100-PLUS for rebar connection										
	Intended Use Installation instruction: Filling the bore hole							Annex B	8		

#### Page 18 of European Technical Assessment ETA-12/0170 of 16 April 2018

English translation prepared by DIBt





#### SYMPAFIX Injection system C100-PLUS for rebar connection

#### Intended Use Installation instruction: Inserting rebar

Annex B 9



### Minimum anchorage length and minimum lap length

The minimum anchorage length  $\ell_{b,min}$  and the minimum lap length  $\ell_{0,min}$  according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 ( $\ell_{b,min}$  acc. to Eq. 8.6 and Eq. 8.7 and  $\ell_{0,min}$  acc. to Eq. 8.11) shall be multiply by the amplification factor  $\alpha_{lb}$  according to Table C1.

#### Table C1: Amplification factor α<sub>lb</sub> related to concrete class and drilling method

Concrete class	Drilling method	Bar size	Amplification factor $\alpha_{\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	
C12/15 to C50/60	Hammer drilling (HD), hollow drilling (HDB) and compressed air drilling (CD)	8 mm to 32 mm ZA-M12 to ZA-M24	1,0	

# Table C2: Design values of the ultimate bond stress f<sub>bd</sub> in N/mm<sup>2</sup> for all drilling methods for good conditions

according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 for good bond conditions (for all other bond conditions multiply the values by 0.7)

Rebar - Ø	Concrete class								
φ	C12/15	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60
8 to 25 mm ZA-M12 to ZA-M24	1,6	2,0	2,3	2,7	3,0	3,4	3,7	4,0	4,3
28 to 32 mm	1,6	2,0	2,3	2,7	3,0	3,4	3,7	3,7	3,7

SYMPAFIX Injection	system C100-PLUS	for rebar connection
--------------------	------------------	----------------------

#### Performances

Amplification factor  $\alpha_{b}$ Design values of ultimate bond resistance  $f_{bd}$ 

θ ≤ 243°C:



# Design value of the ultimate bond stress $f_{bd,fi}$ under fire exposure for concrete classes C12/15 to C50/60, (all drilling methods):

The design value of the bond strength f<sub>bd,fi</sub> under fire exposure has to be calculated by the following equation:

 $\mathbf{f}_{\mathsf{bd},\mathsf{fi}} = \mathbf{k}_{\mathsf{b},\mathsf{fi}}(\mathbf{\theta}) \cdot \mathbf{f}_{\mathsf{bd}} \cdot \mathbf{\gamma}_{\mathsf{c}} / \mathbf{\gamma}_{\mathsf{M},\mathsf{fi}}$ 

with:

 $k_{b,fi}(\theta) = 18,88 \cdot e^{(\theta \cdot \cdot 0,016)} / (f_{bd} \cdot 4,3) \le 1,0$ 

 $\theta > 243^{\circ}C$ :  $k_{b,fi}(\theta) = 0$ 

f<sub>bd,fi</sub> Design value of the ultimate bond stress in case of fire in N/mm<sup>2</sup>

- θ Temperature in °C in the mortar layer.
- $k_{b,fi}(\theta)$  Reduction factor under fire exposure.
- $f_{bd}^{sint}$  Design value of the ultimate bond stress in N/mm<sup>2</sup> in cold condition according to Table C2 considering the concrete classes, the rebar diameter, the drilling method and the bond conditions according to EN 1992-1-1.
- $\gamma_c$  partially safety factor according to EN 1992-1-1
- $\gamma_{M,fi}$  partially safety factor according to EN 1992-1-2

For evidence under fire exposure the anchorage length shall be calculated according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 Equation 8.3 using the temperature-dependent ultimate bond stress  $f_{bd,fi}$ .

# Example graph of Reduction factor $k_{b,fi}(\theta)$ for concrete classes C20/25 for good bond conditions:

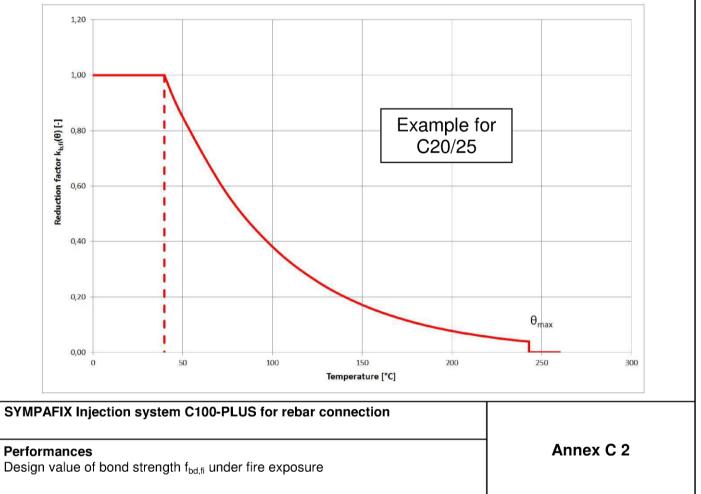




Table C3:	Characteristic tension strength for tension anchor ZA under fire exposure,									
concrete classes C12/15 to C50/60, according to Technical Report TR 020										
Tension Ancho	or			M12	M16	M20	M24			
Steel, zinc plate	d (ZA vz)		_			•				
	R30		[N/mm²]	20						
Characteristic	R60	$\sigma_{Rk,s,fi}$		15						
steel strength	R90				13					
	R120					10				
Stainless Steel (	ZA A4 or Z	A HCR)								
	R30	σ <sub>Rk,s,fi</sub>	[N/mm²]	30						
Characteristic	R60			25						
steel strength	R90			20						
	R120			16						
Design value of the steel strength $\sigma_{\mbox{\tiny Rd},\mbox{\tiny s,fi}}$ under fire exposure										
The design value	e of the ste	el strength	${f \sigma}_{\scriptscriptstyle { m Rd},{ m s},{ m fi}}$ under	fire exposure h	as to be calcula	ted by the followin	g			
$\sigma_{ m Rd,s,fi}$ =	$\sigma_{_{\mathrm{Rk},\mathrm{s},\mathrm{fi}}}$ / $\gamma_{_{\mathrm{M},\mathrm{fi}}}$	fi								
with:										
$\sigma_{Rk,s,fi}$ characteristic steel strength according to Table C3 $\gamma_{M,fi}$ partially safety factor according to EN 1992-1-2										
SYMPAFIX Injection system C100-PLUS for rebar connection										

### Performances

Design value of the steel strength  $\sigma_{\rm Rd,s,fi}$  for tension anchor ZA under fire exposure

Annex C 3